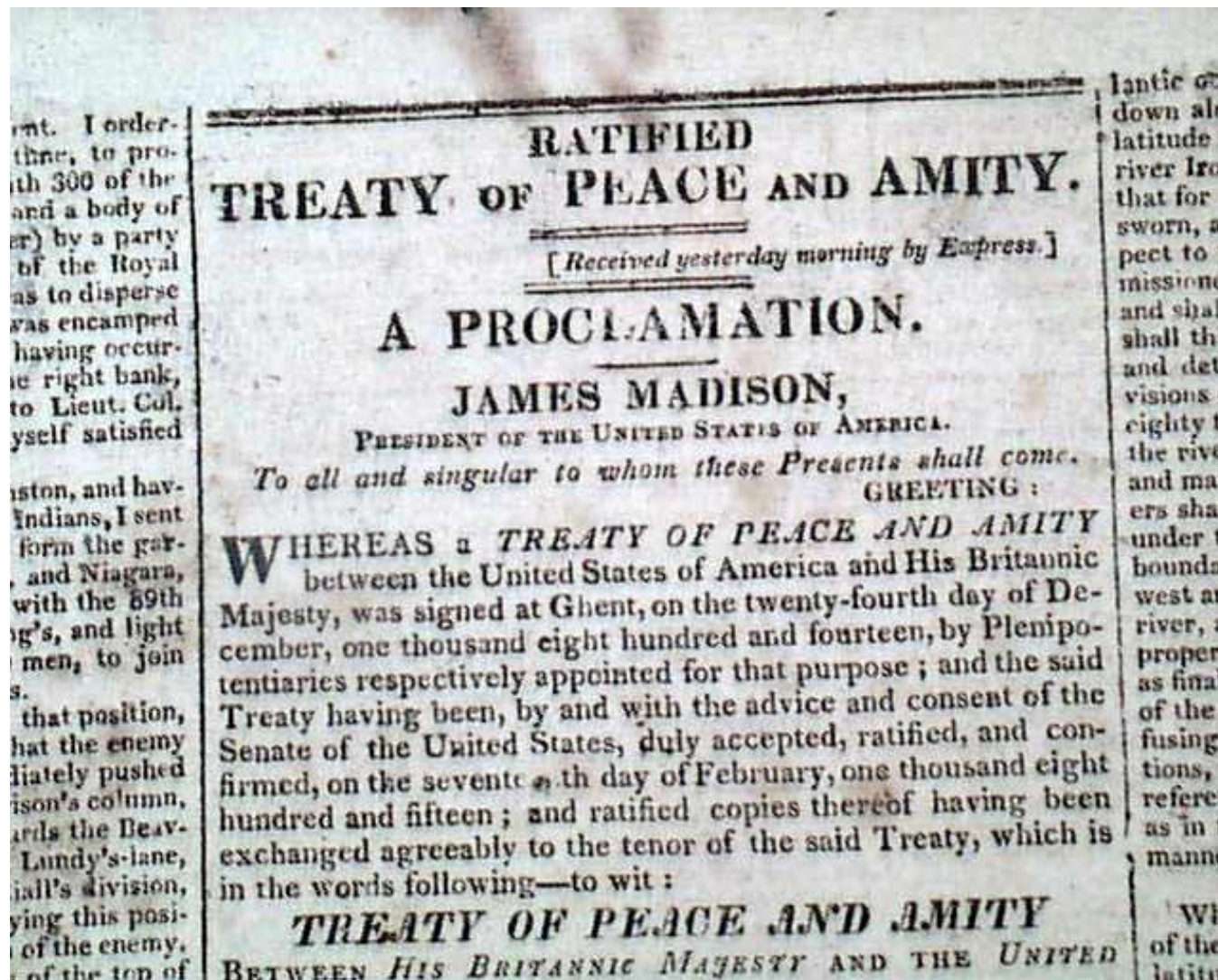




In December 1814, the Peace of Ghent (Belgium) finally ended the war. Before Congress ratified the treaty in February 1815, however, the Battle of New Orleans was fought in January 1815, and 7,500 British troops were beaten by 4,500 U.S. troops under the command of General Andrew Jackson. The British dead and wounded totaled 2,036 while only eight Americans were killed and thirteen wounded. Since 1815, the United States/ Canadian border has remained the longest undisputed border in the world. Although the Indians suffered untold losses, American *imports* and *export* industries have since flourished and U.S. sailors are no longer subject to kidnapping (impressment).





February 22, 1815

COLUMBIAN CENTINEL, Boston, Massachusetts, February 22, 1815. Page 2 of this day's issue has a bold, two-column wide heading: "Ratified TREATY Of PEACE And AMITY", followed by "A PROCLAMATION" issued by "JAMES MADISON" stating that a treaty with "His Britannic Majesty" was signed at Ghent on December 24, 1814, and ratified by the U.S. Senate on February 17, 1815, thus ending the War of 1812, signed in type: **James Madison**.

Hereafter is the text of the "Treaty of Peace and Amity" containing eleven articles, signed in type: **John Quincy Adams, J. A. Bayard, H. Clay, Albert Gallatin**, plus several other French and American officials.

Concludes with a statement issued by the President asking all citizens to honor and respect the terms of the treaty, signed in type: James Madison.